		LIFE SCIENC	EES	
	ame & Signature of the Invigilator	PAPER-III SEPT/13/04	ICR Answer Sheet No	
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- 1			Roll Number in words:	
Ti	me : 2.30 Minutes]	No. of Printed Pages	: 20	Maximum Marks : 150
Ins	structions for the Candidates			[Maximum Marks: 150
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9 10 11 12 NAT 1. 2. 3.	Rand instruction given inside cardials Rangh work is to be done in the end of the You have in cours the engine ICB Amore if with you outside the commission that the point pen the of my cardians or log taper or any There shall be no mentive markin in one of my discrepance in Colorid and I midfal માટે સુચ-લાઓ આ પાનાની ટોચમાં દર્શાવેલી જગ્યામાં તમારો રોલ- આ પ્રશ્નપત્રમાં બહુવૈકલ્પિક ઉત્તરો ધરાવતા કુલ પંચ પરીક્ષાની શરૂઆતમાં ઉમેદવારને પ્રશ્નપૃત્તિકા આ મુજબ પરીક્ષણ કરવું. (i) પ્રશ્નપૃત્તિકાનો વપરાશ કરવા માટે આ કવર સ્વીકારશો નહીં. (ii) કવર મુખ માટે વખાવા ત્રિકાલ માટે અવધ મામ પૃત્તિ લામ પાત્ર મુખ્ય પ્રશ્નમાં અવધ પ્રશ્નપૃત્તિ લામ પાત્ર મુખ્ય પ્રશ્નમાં અવધ પ્રશ્ન પ્રત્ના પત્ર વખાવા ત્રિકાલ માટે અવધ મામ પશ્ચિમ મુખ પ્રત્નિ લામ પ્રત્ના પ્રત્ન પ્રત્ન	other electronic devices is pro english version of questions to iબર લખો. lતેર (૭૫) પ્રશ્નો આપેલા છે. બધા વ પવામાં આવશે. પ્રથમ પ મિનિટ દર પેજની ધાર પર આપેલ સીલ કાંડી ન	carry duplicate copy of IC phibited. The English version should be superior to the superior should be superior to the superi	R sheet and test booklet on taken as final. લી અને કરિજયાતપણે નીચે કર વગરની કે ખુલ્લી પ્રશ્નપુસ્તિકા પ્રાપ્ત માર્ચિયાના સ્થામ પ્રાપ્ત માર્ચિયાના સ્થામ પ્રાપ્ત માર્ચિયાના સ્થામ પ્રાપ્ત માર્ચા માર્ચિયાના સ્થામ પ્રાપ્ત માર્ચિયાના સ્થામ પ્રાપ્ત માર્ચિયાના સ્થામ પ્રાપ્ત માર્ચિયાના સ્થામ સ્થા
#i	अन्य अन्य भारे बाद केनर दिस्तम (AL(B), (C) व अन्य अनेक विशेषक भारत आगेक आनामा अपूर्व । आगी रोत :	HPCTTD AND OTHER HOSE SO VICES	ગીનો જવાબ માત્ર અંગ્રેજી કેપીટલ ————————————————————————————————————	પુરતકા પર લખવા. ા મૂળાક્ષર દ્વારા જ આપવો. પસંદ
5.	આ પ્રભ્યપૃક્તિકાના પ્રશ્નોના જવામ અંદરાથી આપા		અથવા	LAJ -
6.	न्त्राहरून्या पात सामानाना आधन प्रवह याचा		૧૨–૩ લખલ ાવભાગમાં જ લખવ	ll.
7. 8.	આ પ્રશ્નવૃત્તિકાની અંતે આવેલ પાનું રહ લામ માટે લ પાર્ટી શાસમા પાર્ટી અને આપ અની અને વીજના પાર્ટી છ	M. Salah kida dan Mesaharan kacasa		
	પરીક્ષા સમય પુરો થઈ ગમાં પછી ઓરીવાના (CR) વહીં, પરીક્ષા પૂર્વ થયા ભાર ઉમેદવાર પ્રશ્નપૃક્ષિતા	પેલા માટે હતાન તેવાની વૃદ્ધા દુધ છે. ત્યાર તેવાન માં ખેતાવાના કરવાન	ા સાપા દવુ અને કોઈપણ સંજોગોમ મેં પોતાની સાથે લઈ જઈ કાર્ર હે	ાં પરીક્ષાખંડની બહાર જઈ શકશે
9.	STOREST STATEMENT AND STATEMENT		and the the to bo do by	
10	કેલ્લ્યુલેટર અને અન્ય ઈસક્ટ્રોનિક પત્રોનો ઇપયોગ ક ખોટા જવાબ માટે નેસેટિવ ગુલ્હાકન પ્રથા નથી	રવાની મનાઈછે.		
12.	પ્રમ્માપુરિસાના મોઈ પ્રશ્નમાં અનુવાદ અંગે કોઈ વિવ	ાદ/મતભેદ જણાય તો અંગ્રેજી વર્ઝન ય	હોગ્ય ગણાશે.	

Study Street

Life Sciences-III

LIFE SCIENCES

PAPER - III

Note: This paper contains SEVENTY FIVE (75) Multiple-choice questions, each question carrying TWO (2) marks. Attempt All questions.

- 1. Which of the following modifications is found in the glutamate residue in protein?
 - (A) Acetylation
 - (B) Methylation
 - (C) Carboxylation
 - (D) Phosphorylation
- 2. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (A) Solubility of proteins at isoelectric point is maximum
 - (B) Solubility of proteins at isoelectric point is minimum
 - (C) Solubility of proteins is independent of isoelectric point
 - (D) Solubility of proteins is dependent on their size
- 3. Which of the following statements is false?
 - (A) All biological processes have negative ΔG°
 - (B) Biological processes with positive ΔG° can only occur upon coupling with another process with higher negative ΔG°
 - (C) ΔG° varies with the concentrations of biological constituents of the process
 - (D) ΔG° does not describe the energetics of biological process

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[P.T.O.]

- 4. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (A) Cellulose is glucose polymer of α 1 4 linkage
 - (B) Starch is glucose polymer of β 1 4 linkage
 - (C) Amylopectin has large number of β 1 6 linkage
 - (D) Cellulose is glucose polymer of β 1 4 linkage
- 5. Which of the following enzymes have common proteins?
 - (A) Pyruvate carboxylase and PEP carboxylase
 - (B) Pyruvate carboxylase and acetyl CoA carboxylase
 - (C) Pyruvate dehydrogenase and 2-ketoglutarate dehydrogenase
 - (D) Phosphofructokinase and pyruvate kinase
- 6. Which of the following is correct for the B-DNA structure?
 - (A) Sugar pucker is 2' endo and glycoside bond is syn
 - (B) Sugar pucker is 3' endo and glycoside bond is syn
 - (C) Sugar pucker is 2' endo and glycoside bond is anti
 - (D) Sugar pucker is 3' endo and glycoside bond is anti
- 7. Which of the following molecules is least likely to cross a cellular membrane by simple diffusion?
 - (A) Carbon dioxide

(B) Nitrogen

(C) Oxygen

(D) Water

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8.	The number of nuclear pores on nuc	lear n	nembrane depends on :
	(A) Size of a cell	(B)	Transcriptional activity of a cell
	(C) DNA content of a cell	(D)	Size of a nucleus
9.	The lowest level of chromosome organ	nizati	on is :
	(A) 30 nm fiber	(B)	Nucleosome
	(C) Solenoid	(D)	Chromosomal loops
10.	What effect would you expect if gene	expre	ession of lac operon is completely
	repressed ?		e
	(A) Cell will become more efficient in	n ener	rgy production
	(B) Lactose will accumulate and become	ome to	oxic
	(C) Lactose will not be converted int	o indi	ucer
	(D) Lactose will be converted into gla	ucose	
11.	Which specific protein is formed in G	2 pha	ase ?
	(A) Histone	(B)	Polymerase
	(C) Scaffold protein	(D)	Condensin
12 .	Golgi apparatus is not found in:		
	(A) Nerve cell	(B)	RBC.
	(C) Germ cell	(D)	Gland cell
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- 13. Which of the following is *true* for the separation of proteins by gel filtration chromatography?
 - (A) Proteins with low molecular weight comes out first
 - (B) Proteins with high molecular weight comes out first
 - (C) Proteins entrapped into the pores of the gel matrix comes out in the increasing order of size
 - (D) Proteins entrapped into the pores of the gel matrix comes out in the decreasing order of size
- 14. Which of the following bond(s) does not play a role in the folding of common polypeptides?
 - (A) Hydrogen bonds between side chains
 - (B) Hydrogen bonds between backbone
 - (C) Salt bridges
 - (D) Disulfide bonds
- 15. Which of the ϕ and ψ values of amino acid residues are sterically allowed according to Ramachandran plot ?
 - (A) Both φ and ψ values are negative
 - (B) Both ϕ and ψ values are positive
 - (C) The value of ϕ is negative and ψ is positive
 - (D) The value of ϕ is positive and ψ is negative

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Which of the following sequence of proteins is involved in the initiation of bacterial DNA replication ? (A) Dna A, Dam A, Gyrase, Primase (B) Dam A, Dna A, Gyrase, Primase (C) Gyrase, Dna A, Dam A, Primase (D) Dna A, Gyrase, Dam A, Primase 17. Which of the following bacterial genes has a unique promotor region? (A) Citrate synthase (B) tRNA (C) rRNA (D) Flagellin 18. During the initiation of bacterial transcription the o factor does not bind to: (A) -10 consenses sequence (B) -35 consenses sequence (C) The region between -35 and -10 consenses sequence (D) UP element Which of the following statements about a protective immune response to intracellular bacterial pathogens is not true? (A) It involves an antibody response (B) It involves a cell mediated immune response (C) It may involve CTLS (D) It may involve Th₁ type of cells Life Sciences-III [P.T.O.]

20.	Cytokines that are the soluble media	ators (of immune response are:
	(A) produced by only T helper cells		
	(B) produced by only B cells		
	(C) produced by only macrophages		
	(D) produced by macrophages, B and	d T ce	ells
21.	The cell junction that is responsible f	or ma	intaining the polarity of epithelial
	cells is:		<i>CO</i>
	(A) gap junctions	(B)	desmosomes
	(C) tight junctions	(D)	hemi desmosomes
22.	In G-protein coupled receptors, the subu	mit of	G-protein that has GTPase function
	is the following:		
	(A) Gα	(B)	Gβ
	(C) Gαβ	(D)	$G\gamma$
23.	Conversion of a proto-oncogene to an	oncog	ene that results in cancer may be
	considered as:	ė	
	(A) loss of function mutation	(B)	gain of function mutation
	(C) activation of gene	(D)	inactivation of gene
24.	Bacteria may use the following for en	ntry i	nto host cells, except:
	(A) TLR	(B)	EGF-R
	(C) Mannose receptor	(D)	Scavenger receptor
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20.	rate mapping with vital tipe for a	mpmora	n eggs was done by .
	(A) Vogt, 1929	(B)	Mangold, 1931
	(C) Spemann, 1930	(D)	Von Boer, 1927
26.	Haploid nuclei are found in:		
	(A) Microspores and microspore m	other ce	11
	(B) Microspore mother cell and me	egaspore	mother cell
	(C) Microspore mother cell and me	egaspore	
	(D) Megaspore and microspore		0,50
27.	The complete meiotic division occurs	exactly	during somatogenesis between the
	stages of:	1	
	(A) Resting and dividing spermato	gonia	
	(B) Primary and secondary sperma	atocytes	
	(C) Primary spermatocyte to sperm	natic lev	rel Transfer of the second sec
	(D) Spermatid to sperm		
28.	Apical initials are present in:		
	(A) Root and shoot apex	(B)	Shoot and leaf apex
	(C) Bud apex	(D)	Leaf apex
29.	Differentiation process in life cycle	of anim	nals is a/an :
	(A) Specialised state	(B)	Unspecialised state
	(C) Common state	(D)	Uncommon state
Life	Sciences-III	9	[P.T.O.]

30.	The main difference between necrosis	s and	apoptosis is not:
	(A) Vesicular traffic	(B)	DNA fragmentation
	(C) No change in cellular organelle	(D)	Apoptotic bodies
31.	In senescent leaves, the first in the	break	down pathway of chlorophyll is:
	(A) Removal of magnesium	(B)	Opening of porphyrin structure
	(C) Removal of phytol chain	(D)	Modification of tetrapyrrole
32.	The reaction centre chlorophyll of photo	syste	m I absorbs maximally at
	in its reduced state.		
	(A) 680 nm	(B)	870 nm
	(C) 620 nm	(D)	700 nm
33.	The regulation of the distribution of fixe	d carb	on into various metabolic pathways
	is known as:		
	(A) Distribution	(B)	Allocation
	(C) Division	(D)	Gradation
34.	A high Respiratory Quotient (RQ) va	lue is	indicative of:
	(A) Absence of respiration	(B)	Aerobic respiration
	(C) Anaerobic respiration	(D)	Inhibition of respiration
35.	Phototropins, the photoreceptors for p	hototi	rophic bending in seedlings are:
	(A) Terpenes	(B)	Flavoproteins
	(C) Lipids	(D)	Alkaloids
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36.	The only plant growth hormone that	has	been transported partly is:
	(A) Auxin	(B)	Abscisic acid
	(C) Gibberellic acid	(D)	Ethylene
37.	The process of differentiation of sperr	natoz	oa from a spermatid is known as:
	(A) Spermeiogenesis	(B)	Spermatogenesis
	(C) Spermiation	(D)	Spermatolysis
38.	Classic haemophilia is due to deficit	of:	OTO
	(A) Factor IV	(B)	Factor VIII
	(C) Factor IX	(D)	Factor XI
39.	Inhibitory neurotransmitter is:		
	(A) Ach	(B)	Dopamine
	(C) Serotonin	(D)	GABA
40.	Function of portal veins is to deliver	:	
	(A) Releasing hormones	(B)	insulin
	(C) Octapeptides	(D)	Neurotransmitters
41.	The type of placenta in human is:		
	(A) Chorial	(B)	Desmochorial
	(C) Haemochorial	(D)	Syndesmochorial
Life	Sciences-III 11		[P.T.O.]

4 2.	Example for ureotelic animals are:		
	(A) Protozoan, Echinoderm, Fish		
	(B) Amphibian, Arthropod, Fish		
	(C) Amphibian, Fish, Protozoan		
	(D) Fish, Amphibian, Mammal		
43.	In a test-cross of a pea plant heteroz	ygous	for the recessive allele, wrinkled,
	what fraction of the progeny would b	e wr	inkled?
	(A) one third	(B)	one half
	(C) one fourth	(D)	three fourth
44.	Two genes A and B are 10 cm apart	. Wh	at percentage of the progeny will
	be aabb when a cross is made between	en tw	o individuals both with the geno-
	type $\frac{AB}{a \ b}$?		
	(A) ~10%	(D)	00%
	(A) ~10%	(B)	~20%
	(C) ~40%	(D)	-80%
4 5.	The process by which a bacterial cell pi	cks u	p exogenous pieces of DNA directly
	from the media and incorporates it in	ito it	s genome is called :
	(A) conjugation	(B)	transduction
	(C) transformation	(D)	tuon aloosti au

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- 46. A lod score is:
 - (A) measure of genetic diversity in a population
 - (B) measure of interference of one crossover with another
 - (C) measure of the number of human chromosomes in a hybrid cell
 - (D) measure of the probability of linkage between two loci
- 47. Which of the following diseases can be described as a genetic disease where the mutation originates in somatic cells?
 - (A) Huntington's disease

(B) Cystic fibrosis

(C) Cancer

- (D) Sickle-cell anemia
- 48. Classification of which animals depends on the characteristics of the cytoskeleton present:
 - (A) Porifera

(B) Platyhelminths

(C) Urochordata

- (D) Fishes
- 49. The disease "Elephantasis' is caused by:
 - (A) Wuchereria

(B) Ascaris

(C) Fasciola

- (D) Schystosoma
- 50. APG classification is essentially:
 - (1) Cladistics

(2) Molecular taxonomy

(3) Numerical taxonomy

(4) Phylogenic in nature

(A) (1)

(B) (1) + (2)

(C) (1) + (2) + (3)

(D) (1) + (2) + (4)

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[P.T.O.]

51.	Syr	nbiosis type of association between	anir	nals can be seen in:
	(A)	Hermit crab and Sea anemone		
	(B)	Hermit crab and Sycon		
	(C)	Sea anemone and Unio		
	(D)	Unio and Sycon		
52.	Pol	ymorphism is seen mainly in the	phylu	m of :
	(A)	Coelenterata	(B)	Annelida
	(C)	Arthropoda	(D)	Porifera
53.	Acc	ording to nomenclatural type method	l Angi	osperms should be correctly named
	as :	C	7	
	(A)	Embryophyta	(B)	Maganoliophyta
	(C)	Spermatophyta	(D)	Magnoliopsida
54.	A f	ood chain always starts with:		
	(A)	Nitrogen fixation	(B)	Respiration
	(C)	Photosynthesis	(D)	Decay
55.	Whi	ich one of the following is the cor	rect fo	ood chain ?
	(A)	Algae — Daphnia — Dragonfly n	ymph	— Newt — Grass snake
	(B)	Daphnia — Dragonfly nymph —	Newt	- Algae - Grass snake
	(C)	Grass snake — Newt — Dragonf	ly nyi	mph — Daphnia — Algae
	(D)	Newt — Grass snake — Dragonfl	ly nyı	nph — Algae — Daphnia
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56.	In an aquatic ecosystem, the depth	h to wh	ich light penetrates is called:
	(A) Aphotic	(B)	Photic
	(C) Euphotic	(D)	Non-photic
57.	Biomass produced by plants in oce	eans acc	ounts for :
	(A) 85%	(B)	75%
	(C) 65%	(D)	58%
58.	Species diversity is higher in ecosy	ystem ex	kperiencing:
	(A) No disturbance	(B)	Moderate disturbance
	(C) High disturbance	(D)	Drastic disturbance
59.	Who is the author of the book 'Or	igin of	Species' ?
	(A) Mendel	(B)	Lamarck
	(C) Darwin	(D)	Weisman
60.	The organ which was once function	nal and	well developed in an organism's
	evolutionary past but has become	reduced	or non-functional now is called:
	(A) Homdogous organ	(B)	Analogous organ
	(C) Primordial organ	(D)	Vestigial organ
61.	Cenozoic era refers to the age of :		
	(A) Invertebrates	(B)	Fishes
	(C) Birds	(D)	Mammals
Life	Sciences-III	15	[P.T.O.]

62.	2. The oldest microfossil found so far of age 3	.5 billion years ago is:
	(A) Cyanobacteria (B)	Coacervates
	(C) Eobionts (D)	Microspheres
63.	3. Which of the following times was marked b	y the largest mass extinction of
	life in the history of earth?	
	(A) The end of Devonian	
	(B) The end of Cretaceous	
	(C) The end of Permian	
	(D) The end of Triassic	0,0
64.	4. A clinical isolate of <i>Pseudomonas</i> is resistant to	penicillins. Which of the following
ā	can be used to overcome the resistance?	
	(A) β-glucanase inhibitor	
	(B) β-glucosidase inhibitor	
	(C) β-lactamase inhibitor	
	(D) β-galactosidase inhibitor	the state of the same
65.	5. B-lymphocytes that are responsible for prod	ucing antibodies do so :
	(A) Only after exposure to the corresponding	g antigen
	(B) Even before exposure to the correspond	ing antigen
	(C) Only after it interacts with an antigen	presenting cell
	(D) When (A) and (C) take place	
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66.	Microorganisms are diverse as regar	ds to th	eir ability to produce metabolites.
	Which of the following is a source	of micro	obial cellulose?
	(A) Acetobacter xylanicum		
	(B) Acetobacter diazotropicus		
	(C) Azotobacter chroococcum		
	(D) Aeromonas maltophila		
67.	Rhizoremediation of pollutants is ba	ased on	microorganisms associated with:
	(A) Bulk soil	(B)	Root soil
	(C) Spermosphere	(D)	Phyllosphere
68.	The first attempt at gene therapy	in hum:	ans was using the following gene
	to overcome SCID :		
	(A) gene for adenosine deaminase		
	(B) gene for tyrosinase		
	(C) gene for recombinase		
	(D) recombination activating gene		
69.	Which of the following may by used	as a co	mponent of biosensor based on O_2
	consumption ?		
	(A) glucose oxidase	(B)	superoxide dismutase
	(C) catalase	(D)	(A) and (C)
Life	Sciences-III	L 7	[P.T.O.]

- 70. The molecular mass of a protein determined by gel filtration is 120 kDa. When its mass is determined by SDS-PAGE with and without β-mercaptoethanol, it is only 60 kDa. What is the most probable explanation for these observations?
 - (A) Protein is a dimer in which two identical chains are cross-linked by disulfide bond(s)
 - (B) Protein is a monomer of molecular mass 60 kDa but it is excluded from the gel matrix due to strong repulsion between the gel matrix and the protein
 - (C) Protein is a monomer but it is nicked into half its size by SDS
 - (D) Protein is most likely to be composed of two subunits having identical molecular mass
- 71. The following statement about radio immuno assay technique is not true:
 - (A) It is based on antigen-antibody interaction
 - (B) The enzyme is radio labelled
 - (C) The antigen is radio labelled
 - (D) It is a competitive assay
- 72. Which of the following pictorial representations enable us to study relationship between variables?
 - (A) Histogram

(B) Pie-chart

(C) Bar diagram

(D) Linear diagram

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73. In the experiments conducted by Meselson and Stahl for demonstrating semiconservative nature of DNA replication, the following isotope was used:

(A) ^{15}N

(B) 14C

(C) ³H

(D) 32P

74. Mechanical fixation in microscopy involves the use of:

- (A) coagulant fixative
- (B) non-coagulant fixative
- (C) both (A) and (B)
- (D) liquid nitrogen

75. Which of these techniques can be used for single cell recording?

- (A) CAT
- (B) Patch clamp technique
- (C) fMRI technique
- (D) ECG

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[P.T.O.]

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